Angular Notes

-> install Angular Essentials extension, that is pack of more than 5 extensions that usefull for development in VS code.

-> TO run your Angular project hit npm start command

-> ACADEMIND\_JETBRAINS is the code for free Jetbrains edditor for six months.

* Below are the Configuration files for TypeScript, generally no need to change. They are generally for the in built use to convert TypeScript code to JavaScript when software runs in browser.



* Below files are main files about project introduction and for identify the project dependency for various npm pakages.



* Below file is generally use of the configuration of Angular and it’s various tools.

File name is angular.json.

* This src folder is main and important folder for your development code. Generally all files and folders comes under this folder.



==== How Angular project runs.====

* First code file that execute after all configuration files is main.ts file.



* Here we imported bootstrapApplication object from @angular/plarform-browser pakage.
* And another object imported is AppComponent that is from in built folder app/app.component.ts file.
* So When bootstrapApplication try to load AppComponent it will go to that app/app.component.ts file as per settings it loads it.



* Here Component object is imported from @angular/core pakage.
* @Component that is a decorative. This is TypeScript feature.
* Once this decorative is implemented with certain options, it will pass this all options or settings to below Javascript class that exported in same file AppComponent.
* Here one setting is “Selector” , it means browser will check for element in index.html file that is mentioned here in “selector” settings.
* And now in place of that element, for example here element is ‘jack-root’ , so browser finds the element ‘jack-root’ and replace it will what ever code return in file that is mentioned in “templateUrl” settings. Here in this case it is app.component.html.



* While rendering this content it applies the style that is define in “styleUrl” settings file.
* In Angular it is recommended that App component should be the only root component and all other component should be render inside the root component.
* So for that we can register or we can say import other components in app component and then define it in “imports” array in @Compoent decorative as shown below in image.



* Now to use those custom component modify app.component.html file accordingly.



* Using ng g c command also components file can be generate. Seen as below in image.



* Another important concept of Angular is we can define variable into the component class and that can be accessible in that component html file by default.
* Here selectedUser is available for user.component.html file.



* We learn how we can use that class variable in html file
* As shown in below image we can use that variable via property binding or string interpolation.



* Anther feature of TypeScript or JavaSCript we have inside class is getter or setter. We can simply use getter to get value of that property after assigned it. As shown in below image, now this “imagePath” variable is accessible in user.component.html file.





* We can define event listener in html element using round bracket, as shown in below image, Here we calling function that is written in component class file when user click on button and that’s why it is (click) event listener.





* Another concept in Angular is state management. As mentioned below in image.



* Internally zone.js does this state management thing. It check which components property is changed and re-render only that component.
* Another concept of state management is using signal that is available in Angular version 16 and higher. This is like useState hook in react. All comments mentioned below in image.



* With signal use for accessing property in html file need to use bracket as mentioned below in image.



* We seen the use of @input decorator. With this decorator once we define property in component class that can be accessible in html element of it’s own as property and with that we can pass value to it’s actual/ replicable html file.









**Input Signal**

* There is another option to access property value from class to compoenent html file is using input signal. This feature available in Angular 16 and onwards version.





**Output decorator for custom events**

* We learned new concept @Output decorative to define custom events.











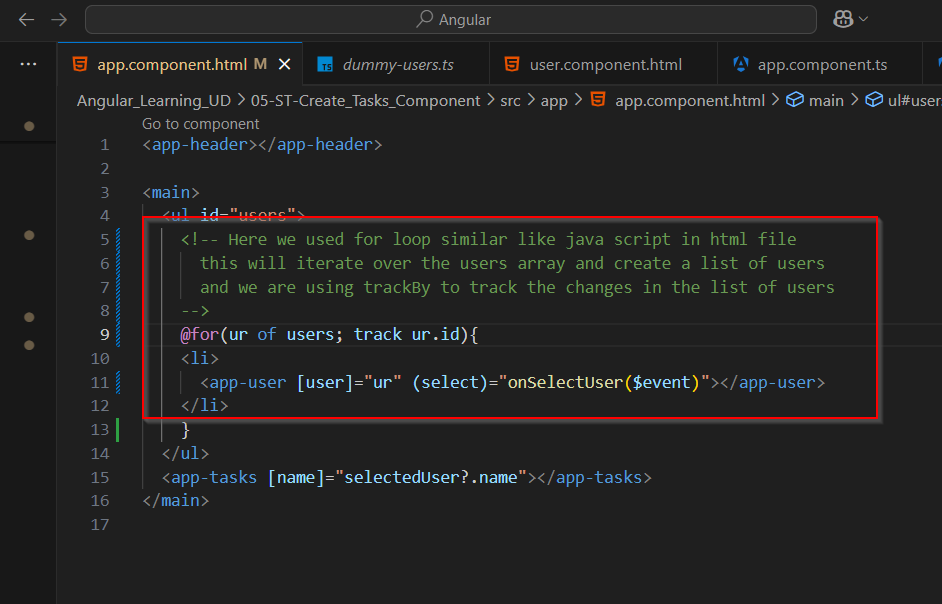
**Object Type**

* Instead of individual property we can define object type as well , as shown below. We can directly define object properties while define object variable.
* But type or interface is another typescript feature to define types of inside properties of object.



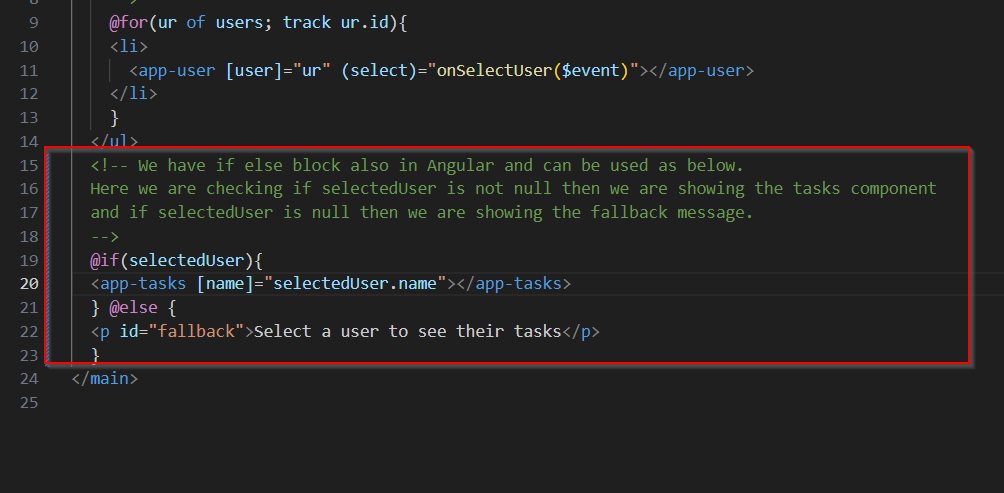
**For loop inside html file**

* We can use the for loop inside html file similar like java script syntax and use is as below.



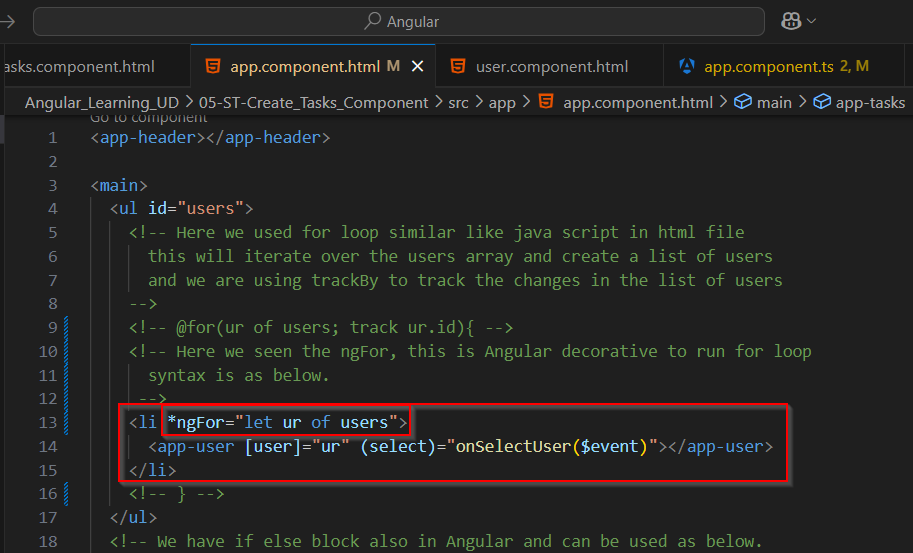
**If else block**

* For conditionally rendering data we have if else block also in angular. We can use it as below.



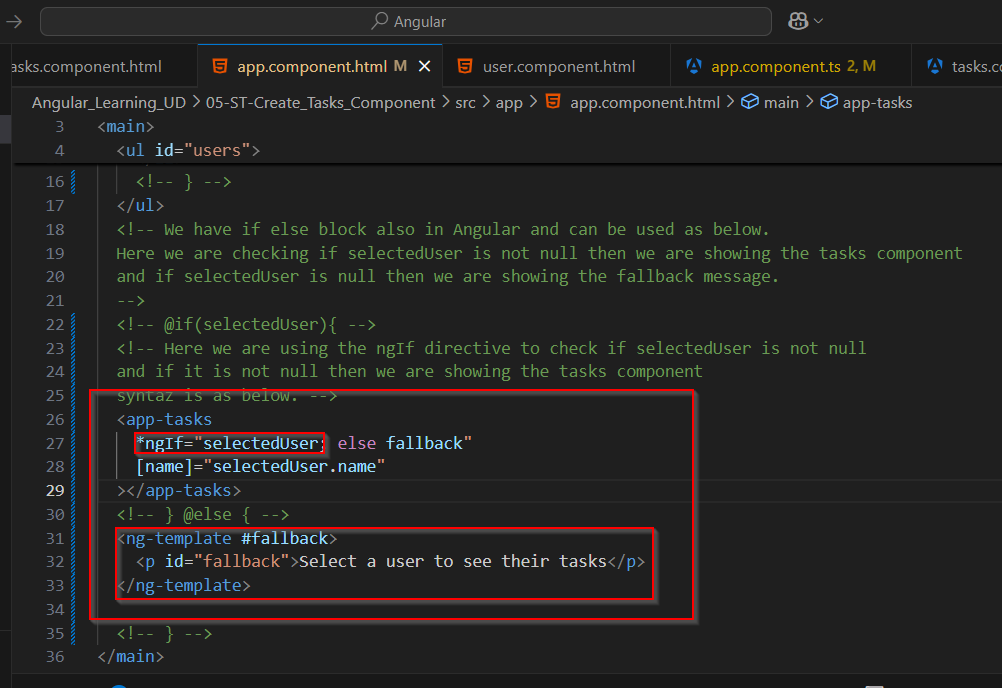
**ngFor**

* Normal above for we used is for Angular 17+ version. In older Angular projects we find ngFor directives for use of For Loop. Syntax is as below.



**ngIf**

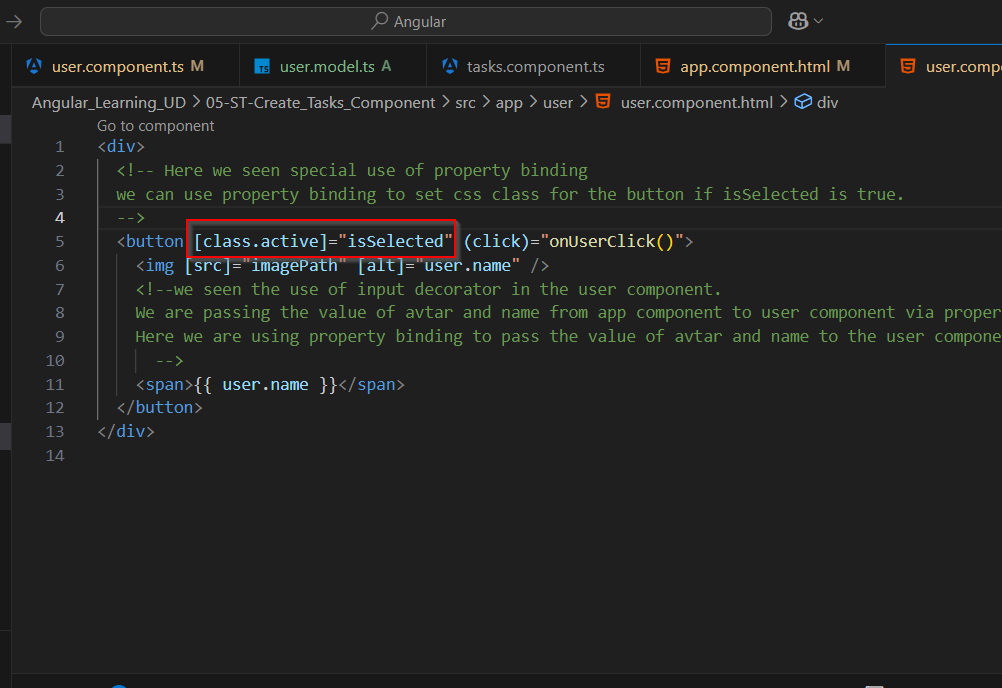
* Above if is usefull for Angular 17+ version. In older Angular projects this feature is not available and for this, ngIf directive is used. Syntax is as below.



**Conditionally set css class**

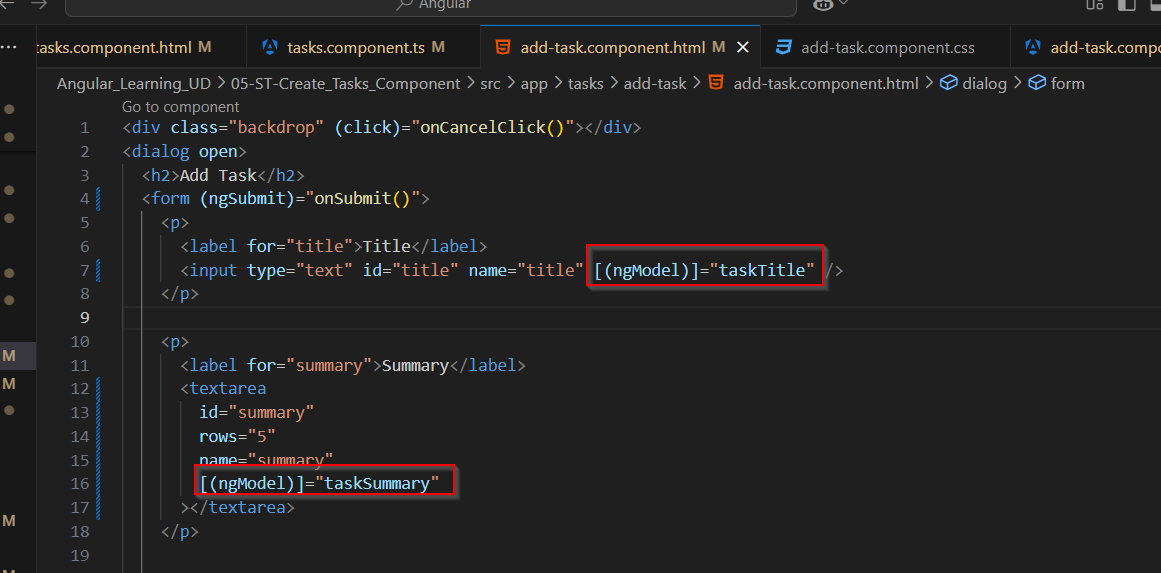
* We can set logic true , false according to our code. Ans set class as below

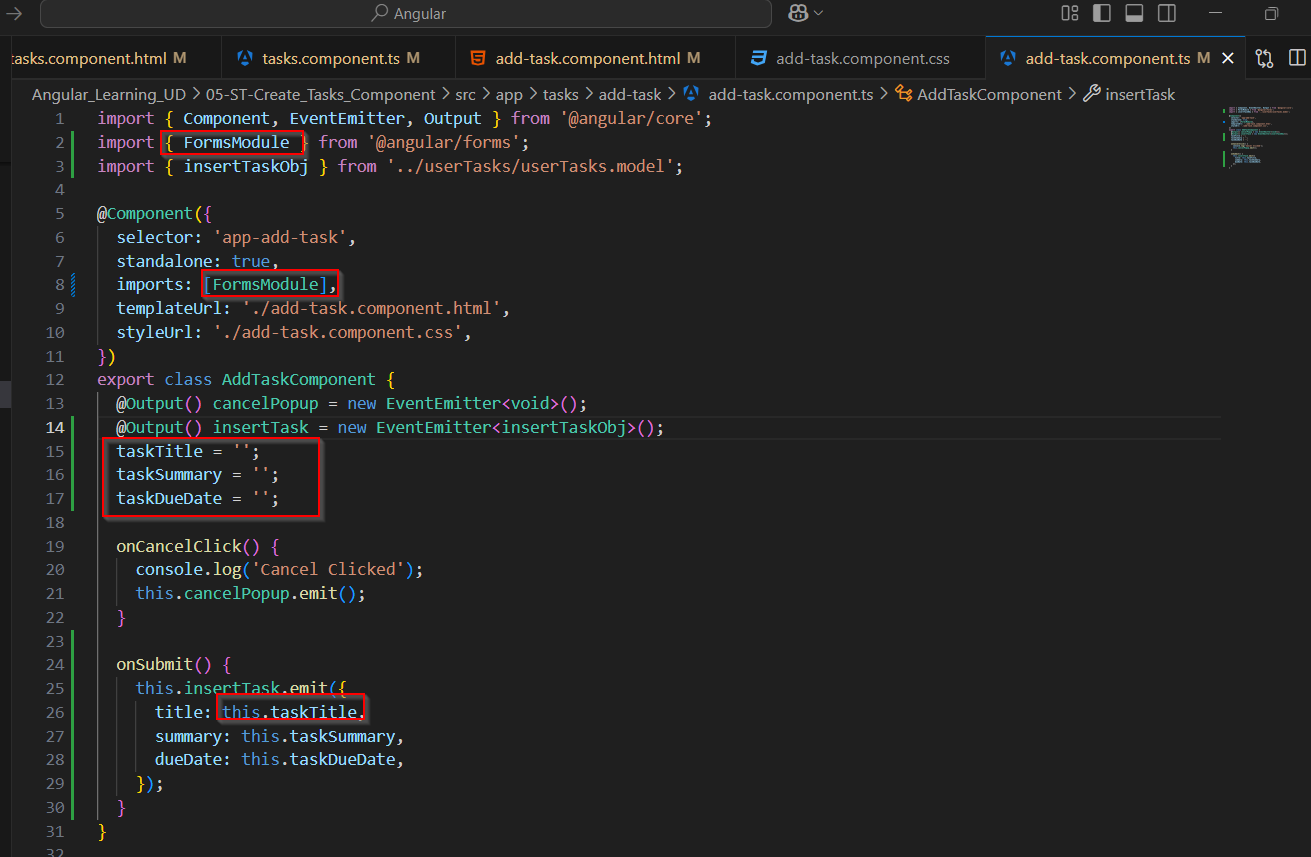
Here if isSelected is true active class will be set to button.



**ngModel directive**

* We have ngModel directive in Angular, this directive is use for two way property binding. This is used with any input element and need to import FormsModule in component class file.
* This is useful like when if user type anything in input element that also store in defined property, if remove any thing from input element it automatically remove from property define with this.
* Here in this case when user enter anything in task title input , this will get store to taskTitle property also.
* Later on this variables taskTile, taskSummary use for further actions, just like submit forms data.





**ngSubmit event listener**

* This ngSubmit event listener is angular event listener , this is used with form element.
* So when any user clicks on submit button , it prevent default behaviour of forms submission to send request to server.
* And then we can call any method and handle it here.

